

## ARTICLE 99-01.3

### GAMES OF CHANCE

#### Chapter

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#### CHAPTER 99-01.3-01

### ORGANIZATION LICENSES AND PERMITS

#### Section

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**99-01.3-01-01. Ineligible organizations.** An organization or a closely related organization is ineligible for a license or permit if either organization has failed to resolve an imbalance involving its gaming or trust account according to section 99-01.3-03-05, has deals or games with state gaming stamps that are not accounted for, is delinquent in paying any tax, interest, penalty, or monetary fine due, has failed to comply with the terms and conditions of an administrative order, or was convicted of violating this article or North Dakota Century Code chapter 12.1-28 or 53-06.1. An auxiliary that is not a closely related organization is eligible for a permit. An organization that is licensed or issued a permit must have its principal executive office in North Dakota. Except for an educational organization, a county, city, state, political subdivision, or federal entity is not eligible for a license or permit. A nonprofit social, hobby, trade, business, professional, similar club

or association, or organization whose primary purpose mainly provides a direct benefit to its officers, is not a public-spirited organization eligible for a license.

**History:** Effective May 1, 1998; amended effective July 1, 2000; July 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2006.

**General Authority:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1

**Law Implemented:** NDCC 53-06.1-01, 53-06.1-01.1

#### **99-01.3-01-02. Site authorization.**

1. An eligible organization shall obtain an approved site authorization for a site within a city or county from the governing body of the appropriate jurisdiction. The attorney general shall have final approval of a site authorization. A separate site authorization is required for each site. A site authorization may be issued for a location on public or private property and may be restricted or conditional, including types of games, days of the week, and designation where games will be conducted. An organization shall comply with a restriction of a site authorization unless an amended site authorization is approved. A site authorization must describe the gaming area designated by an organization that restricts where games may be conducted and played. No restroom may be part of the gaming area. A governing body may revoke or suspend a site authorization based on good cause.
2. A governing body may issue a site authorization to two or more organizations to conduct games at the same site if the site authorizations restrict the organizations to different days of the week. However, more than one organization may be issued a site authorization for a fairground or similar open space of land.
3. For an initial application for a site authorization for an organization that desires to be recognized as an eligible organization, a governing body of a city or county may determine whether the organization qualifies by examining documents outlined in subsection 1 of section 99-01.3-01-03.
4. An organization may temporarily use more twenty-one tables at a site than a site authorization allows for up to fourteen days per special event provided that the event is recognized by a local governing body, no more than two events are held per quarter, written approval is granted by a local governing body, and the monthly rent amount does not increase. A special event is an infrequent, significant, and identifiable activity in the community. The site authorization does not need to be amended, regardless of where the tables are placed.

**History:** Effective May 1, 1998; amended effective July 1, 2000; July 1, 2002; October 1, 2006.

**General Authority:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1

**Law Implemented:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1, 53-06.1-03

### **99-01.3-01-03. License.**

1. An organization may not conduct games at a site unless the attorney general first approves a site authorization and license for that city or county. A separate license is required for each city or county. For an initial application for a license for an organization that desires to be recognized as an eligible organization, the attorney general shall determine whether the organization qualifies by examining a copy of an organization's articles of incorporation, charter, bylaws, board of directors' minutes for the previous two years, or any other documents or records considered necessary to determine its primary purpose and date of origin. If the attorney general determines that an organization's actual primary purpose does not qualify it as an eligible organization, the attorney general shall deny the application or revoke the license.
2. A license is effective for one year beginning July first and ending June thirtieth. If an organization plans to conduct a raffle on or after July first, a license cannot be issued before January first. If an organization received a charity local permit during the fiscal year, it may not receive a state license.
3. When an organization first applies for a license to conduct a game, the license may not be issued to the organization until after its gaming manager satisfactorily demonstrates to the attorney general that the organization is capable of properly managing and controlling the game that it intends to conduct.
4. If an organization only conducts a raffle or calcutta in two or more cities or counties, the organization may apply for a consolidated license prescribed by the attorney general and remit a one hundred fifty dollar license fee for each city or county in which a site is located.

**History:** Effective May 1, 1998; amended effective July 1, 2000; July 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2006.

**General Authority:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1

**Law Implemented:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1, 53-06.1-03

**99-01.3-01-04. Reporting a change in information.** If information on a site authorization or license application becomes inaccurate or outdated in a material way, including a change in an organization's primary purpose, the organization shall provide the attorney general, in writing, items of change within fourteen days following the change.

**History:** Effective May 1, 1998; amended effective July 1, 2000; July 1, 2002.

**General Authority:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1

**Law Implemented:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1

### **99-01.3-01-05. Permits.**

1. A permit is issued by a city or county governing body and may be for a site located on public or private property. It may be restricted, including types of games, days of the week, and designation of an area at a site where games will be conducted. A governing body may revoke or suspend a permit based on good cause.
2. A permit is required for each site at which games have been authorized. An organization may be issued two or more local permits at the same time. The primary prize under a permit may not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars and total prizes of all games may not exceed twelve thousand dollars per year. However, the total cash prizes for raffles may not exceed three thousand dollars per day and no single cash prize can exceed one thousand dollars. A donated merchandise prize is valued at its retail price.
3. When a governing body issues a permit, it shall assign a permit number, specify the day or period for which it is effective, and send a copy to the attorney general within fourteen days from when it was issued. An organization that has a license may not at the same time have a permit.
4. An organization may receive one or more local permits to conduct a raffle, bingo, or sports pool from a city or county governing body during a year. For a calendar raffle, a local permit may be issued for a calendar year. If an organization plans to conduct a raffle, a permit may not be issued more than six months prior to the first raffle drawing date.
5. An organization may receive one charity local permit to conduct a raffle, bingo, sports pool, paddlewheels, twenty-one, or poker from a city or county governing board during a year. If the organization has received a local permit or license during the fiscal year, it may not receive a charity local permit. If the organization received a charity local permit during the fiscal year, it may not receive a local permit. For a charity local permit an organization shall within thirty days of the event file a report on a prescribed form with the attorney general and governing body.
6. For bingo, an organization shall comply with sections 99-01.3-04-01 and 99-01.3-04-02 and the applicable subsections of section 99-01.3-04-03. For a raffle, an organization shall comply with sections 99-01.3-05-01 through 99-01.3-05-05. For a sports pool, an organization shall comply with section 99-01.3-07-01. For twenty-one, an organization shall comply with sections 99-01.3-08-01, 99-01.3-08-02, 99-01.3-08-08, 99-01.3-08-09, 99-01.3-08-10, 99-01.3-08-11, and 99-01.3-08-12. For poker, an organization shall comply with section 99-01.3-09-01.

For paddlewheels, an organization shall comply with subsection 2 of section 99-01.3-11-01.

**History:** Effective May 1, 1998; amended effective July 1, 2000; July 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2006.

**General Authority:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1

**Law Implemented:** NDCC 53-06.1-01.1, 53-06.1-03, 53-06.1-06